## Mathematics

## Key Learning Indicators of Performance: Year 5

Number - number and place value

- Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1000000
- Count forwards and backwards in decimal steps.
- Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1000000 and determine the value of each digit.
- Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to 3 decimal places.
- Identify the value of each digit to three decimal places.
- Identify represent and estimate numbers using the number line.
- Find $0.01,0.1,1,10,100,100$ and other powers of 10 more or less than a given number.
- Round any number up to 1000000 to the nearest 10, 100 1000,10000 and 100000
- Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place.
- Multiply/divide whole numbers and decimals by 10, 100 and 1000.
- Interpret negative numbers in context, count on and back with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero.
- Describe and extend number sequences including those with multiplication/division steps and where the step size is a decimal.
- Read Roman numerals to 1000 (M); recognise years written as such.
- Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above.
- Choose an appropriate strategy to solve a calculation based upon the numbers involved (recall a known fact, calculate mentally, use a jotting, written method).
- Select a mental strategy appropriate for the numbers involved in the calculation.
- Recall and use addition and subtraction facts for 1 and 10 (with decimal numbers to one decimal place).
- Derive and use addition and subtraction facts for 1 (with decimal numbers to two decimal places).
- Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers and decimals to two decimal places.
- Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits and decimals with two decimal places, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction).
- Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy.
- Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.
- Solve addition and subtraction problems involving missing numbers

Number - multiplication and division

- Choose an appropriate strategy to solve a calculation based upon the numbers involved (recall a known fact, calculate mentally, use a jotting, written method).
- Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers.
- Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers.
- Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19 .
- Recognise and use square ( ${ }^{2}$ ) and cube $\left(^{(3)}\right.$ numbers, and notation.
- Use partitioning to double or halve any number, including decimals to two decimal places.
- Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts.
- Solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes.
- Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers.
- Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context.
- Use estimation/inverse to check answers to calculations: determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy.
- Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign.
- Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates.


## Mathematics

## Key Learning Indicators of Performance: Year 5

Number - fractions, decimals and percentages

- Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other.
- Read and write decimal numbers as fractions (e.g. $0.71=\frac{71}{100}$ ).
- Count on and back in mixed number steps such as $1 \frac{1}{2}$.
- Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number (including on a number line).
- Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction represented visually, including tenths and hundredths.
- Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths. hundredths and decimal equivalents.
- Add and subtract fractions with denominators that are the same and that are multiples of the same number (using diagrams).
- Write statements > 1 as a mixed number (e.g. $\frac{2}{5}+\frac{4}{5}=\frac{6}{5}=1 \frac{1}{5}$ ).
- Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams.
- Recognise the per cent symbol (\%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal.
- Solve problems involving fractions and decimals to three places.
- Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{z^{\prime}}, \frac{1}{4^{\prime}}, \frac{1}{5^{\prime}} \frac{5^{\prime}}{5}, \frac{4}{5}$ and fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 .
- Distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles.
- Use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles,
- Identify 3-D shapes from 2-D representations.
- Know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles.
- Draw given angles, and measure them in degrees ( ${ }^{\circ}$ ).
- Identify:
- angles at a point and one whole turn (total $360^{\circ}$ ).
- angles at a point on a straight line and half a turn (total $180^{\circ}$ ).
- other multiples of $90^{\circ}$.


## Geometry - position and direction

- Describe positions on the first quadrant of a coordinate grid.
- Plot specified points and complete shapes.
- Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed


## Measurement

- Use, read and write standard units of length and mass.
- Estimate (and calculate) volume ((e.g., using $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)) and capacity (e.g. using water).
- Understand the difference between liquid volume and solid volume.
- Continue to order temperatures including those below $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
- Convert between different units of metric measure.
- Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints.
- Measure/calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes.
- Calculate and compare the area of rectangle, use standard units square centimetres $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{2}\right)$ and square metres $\left(\mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ and estimate the area of irregular shapes.
- Continue to read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24-hour clocks.
- Solve problems involving converting between units of time.
- Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure using decimal notation, including scaling.


## Statistics

- Complete and interpret information in a variety of sorting diagrams (including those used to sort properties of numbers and shapes).
- Complete, read and interpret information in tables and timetables.
- Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in all types of graph including a line graph.
- Calculate and interpret the mode, median and range.

